Romanian Team



INTEGRATION OF NATIONAL MINORITIES



AREAS OF INTEGRATION

3 directions of integration that we'll be discussing today are:

1

Integration in Education

2

Rights of Representation

3

Cultural Integration

INTEGRATION IN EDUCATION

The Romanian educational system provides national minorities with the opportunity to:



study their Mother

Tongue + the History &

Traditions of their

ethnic group as school
subjects, according to
the Law of Education
no. 84/1995, Art. 121



take their Mother Tongue as a
4th subject of the mandatory
national exams (National

Evaluation + BAC), in addition to
the other 3 subject that every
final year student has to
take (which can also be
translated at the exams)



take part in Olympiads
dedicated to their
Mother Tongue,
National Culture &
Civilisation



get into highschool or

University by using

"special places"

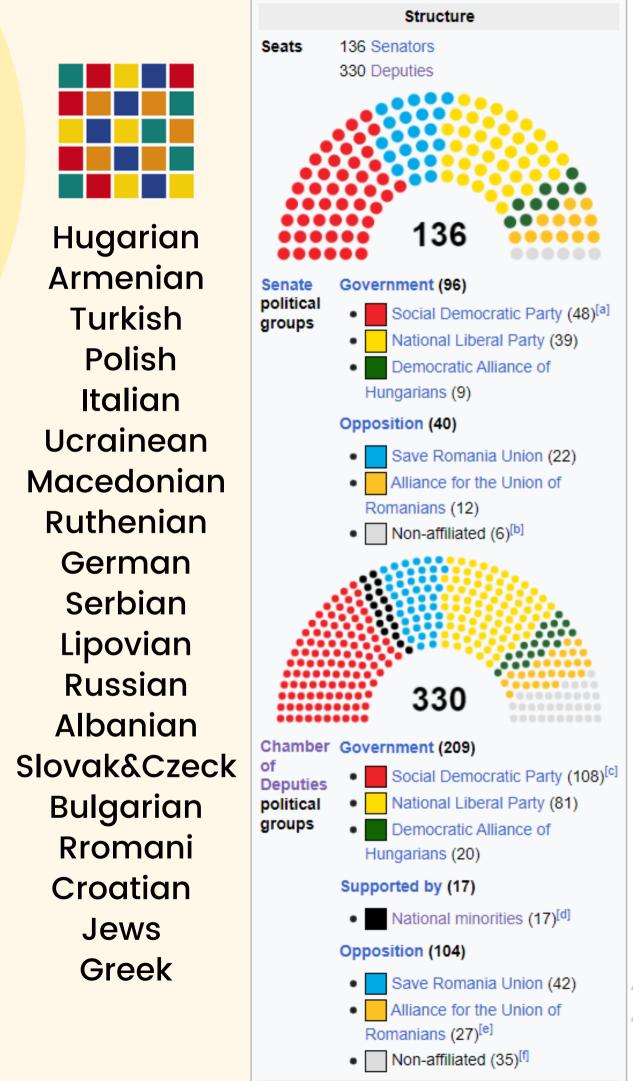
dedicated to ethnic

minorities

RIGHTS OF REPRESENTATION

The Romanian Constitution (Article 62), under the conditions imposed by the Electoral Law, provides seats in the Chamber of Deputies for the party and cultural association of ethnic minorities in Romania (with the limitation that each national minority is to be represented by one organization only). Minority parties and associations are exempt from the electoral threshold, and are guaranteed a seat so long as they earn at least 10% of the vote that was required for the last party eligible to earn a seat through the threshold.

The number of seats awarded to ethnic minorities varied from 10 in 1990 to 18 between 2000 and 2016, and once more since 2020 onwards.



CULTURAL INTEGRATION

RHUBARB HOLIDAY

In Transylvania, in the village of Saschiz is celebrated every year The "RHUBARB HOLIDAY"

It is dedicated to promoting local values of local cultural and gastronomic heritage, with the participation of housewives and producers from Saschiz.

Visitors can taste and buy local rhubarb dishes:

- ·rhubarb cake,
- ·rhubarb pizza,
- ·jams,
- ·syrups,
- ·ice cream.

NAVRUZ HOLIDAY

Navruz is the holiday that brings love, friendship, peace and solidarity every spring.

It is celebrated at the end of March, starting on the 21st on the occasion of Navruz, Turks clash eggs painted in onion skins. The shells are thrown on the ground, signifying the moment of rejection of the ugly, of the cold season, of difficulties and lacks.

During the days of Navruz, people have their houses clean, arranged, a festive atmosphere floating everywhere.

All family members dress up beautifully, and in order to ward off diseases and enter spring healthy, they burn old things and jump over the flames that rises from the burning fire in song and joy.

Nevruz is the day of reconciliation, good mood and joy. Fights are organized between roosters, buffaloes, horse races.



